LECTURE NOTES: §2.2

- 1. Sketch the graph of an example of a function *f* that satisfies *all* of the given conditions.
 - (a) f(0) = 2(b) f(3) = 1(c) $\lim_{x \to 0} f(x) = 1$ (d) $\lim_{x \to 3^{-}} f(x) = -2$ (e) $\lim_{x \to 3^{+}} f(x) = 4$
 - (f) $\lim_{x \to -1^+} f(x) = \infty$

2. Sketch a graph f(x) such that $\lim_{x\to 3} f(x) = \infty$.

3. (a) Use a calculator and a table of values to determine the limit: $\lim_{x \to 1^-} x \sec(\pi x/2)$.

(b) Use mathematical reasoning to show that your answer in part (a) is correct.

4. Without using a calculator, determine the (infinite) limit. Explain your reasoning.

(a)
$$\lim_{x \to 3^{-}} \frac{\sqrt{x}}{x-3}$$

(b)
$$\lim_{x \to 3^+} \frac{\sqrt{x}}{x-3}$$

(c)
$$\lim_{x \to 3^+} \frac{2 - 10x}{x - 3}$$

(d)
$$\lim_{x \to 3^+} \ln(x-3)$$

(e) Why didn't we ask you to find $\lim_{x\to 3^-} \ln(x-3)$?

(f)
$$\lim_{x \to 0^+} \left(\frac{1}{x} - \ln(x) \right)$$