SECTION 3-6: THE CHAIN RULE

1. Recall Two Versions of the Chain Rule

2. Understanding what the "formulas" in the book are trying to communicate:

3. $h(x) = \frac{2x(2x+1)^5}{\cos(2x+1)}$

4. Find all *x*-values where the tangent to $f(x) = (x^2 - 4)^3$ is horizontal.

5. Use the table below to evaluate the derivatives of the given functions at the indicated vaue. $x \parallel f(x) \parallel f'(x) \parallel g(x) \parallel g'(x)$

x	f(x)	f'(x)	g(x)	g'(x)
-1	2	-1	0	1
0	1	2	3	4
1	-1	-2	-3	-4
2	0	4	3	2

(a)
$$h(x) = f(g(x) - 2x)$$
 at $a = 2$.

(b)
$$k(x) = \left(\frac{f(x)}{g(x^2)}\right)^2$$
 at $a = 1$