## NAME:

This quiz contains 7 problems worth 30 points. You may not use books, notes, or a calculator. You do not have to simplify your answers. You have 30 minutes to take the quiz.

## 1. (3 points each)

- (a) Determine the number of strings that can be formed by ordering the letters in the word ENGINEER.
- (b) Determine the number of strings that can be formed by ordering the letters in the word ENGINEER if no two E's are allowed to be consecutive.
- 2. (4 points) Find the number of integer solutions to  $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 = 30$  subject to the conditions  $x_1 \ge 0$ ,  $x_2 \ge 0$ ,  $x_3 \ge 1$  and  $x_4 \ge 2$ .
- 3. (2 points each) For each 5-combination of  $X = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}$ , give the 4-combination that is next lexicographically:
  - (a) 34678
  - (b) 24789
- 4. (2 points) Explain why the algorithm we described in class (i.e. Algorithm 6.4.9 in your book) that generates all *r*-combinations of a given *n*-set would never produce the following output: 4286.

- 5. (2 points) For each permutation of  $X = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}$ , give the permutation that is next lexicographically:
  - (a) 873261945

(b) 957341268

6. (2 points each) Find the coefficient of the term when the expression is expanded:

(a)  $x^5y^2z^3$ ;  $(x+y+z)^{10}$ 

- (b)  $x^2y^3$ ;  $(5x-y)^5$
- 7. (3 points each)
  - (a) Fill in the box below in the statement of the Binomial Theorem:

If a and b are real numbers and n is a positive integer, then

(b) Use the Binomial Theorem to prove that  $2^n = C(n,0) + C(n,1) + C(n,2) + \cdots + C(n,n)$ .