This quiz is worth 10 points.

Name:

1. (3 points) Perform elementary row operations on the matrix below to obtain a matrix in reduced row echelon form. For full points, you need to state explicitly what row operations you are performing. Note that you don't need more than three steps.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 4 & 16 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 5 & 7 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\mathbf{r}_{3} = \mathbf{r}_{3} - 2\mathbf{r}_{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 4 & 16 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\mathbf{r}_{2} = \mathbf{r}_{2} - 2\mathbf{r}_{3}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 4 & 16 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\stackrel{\mathbf{r}_{2} = \mathbf{r}_{2} - 2\mathbf{r}_{3}}{\underbrace{\mathbf{r}_{2} = \mathbf{r}_{2} - 2\mathbf{r}_{3}}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 4 & 16 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\stackrel{\mathbf{r}_{2} = \mathbf{r}_{2} - 2\mathbf{r}_{3}}{\underbrace{\mathbf{r}_{2} = \mathbf{r}_{2} - 2\mathbf{r}_{3}}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 4 & 16 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\Gamma_{1} = \Gamma_{1} - 4\Gamma_{3} \\
\hline
 & & & \\
\hline
 & & & \\
I & 0 & 4 & I6 \\
0 & 0 & -4 & -12 \\
\hline
 & & & & \\
I & 0 & 0 & 4
\end{array}$$

2. (3 points) The system of equations $S = \begin{cases} w - 2x - 6y - 2z = -1 \\ x + 3y + 2z = 0 \end{cases}$ has augmented matrix 2w - x - 3y + 2z = -2 $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & -6 & -2 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & -1 & -3 & 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$. Use the reduced row echelon form of the matrix A, given below, to solve the system of equations S. $w \times y = t$ constant $rref(A) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ w + z = -1 So y and z can be any real number. $AwS: \begin{bmatrix} w \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 - z \\ -3y - 2z \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}$ for any values y and z. Linear Algebra

Quiz 5

3. (4 points) Let a = (1, 0, 1) and $x = (x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5)$. Find a * x, the convolution of a and b.

Since a has dimension 3 and x has dimension 5,
we know
$$a \neq x$$
 will have dimension $3+5-l=7$
 $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \\ x_5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \\ x_5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_2 \\ x_1 + x_3 \\ x_2 + x_4 \\ x_3 + x_5 \\ x_4 \\ x_5 \end{bmatrix}$

2