

Your Name

Problem	Total Points	Score
1	20	
2	15	
3	15	
4	32	
5	18	
Total	100	

- You have 1 hour.
- If you have a cell phone with you, it should be turned off and put away. (Not in your pocket)
- You may not use a calculator, book, notes or aids other than a single 3 by 5 notecard.
- In order to lower the writing load, you may use the symbols  $\in$ ,  $\exists$ , and  $\forall$  *if* they are used precisely and literally. You will not be graded on aesthetics, so repeated use of "Thus, ..." will not be penalized.
- You may *not* use the symbol  $\Rightarrow$  except parenthetically to indicate the logical structure of an *if-and-only-if* argument.
- You must write in complete sentences with proper punctuation. Every sentence must begin with a capitalized word in English, not a symbol.
- If you are going to use a method *other than a direct proof*, you must state this at the beginning of your proof unless the directions require you to use particular approach.
- When using proof by induction, you *must* indicate when the inductive hypothesis is used.

1. (20 pts)

(a) (5 pts) Describe the standard method to prove  $X \subseteq Y$  for sets  $X$  and  $Y$ .

(b) (15 pts) Use the standard method for showing set containment to prove that for all sets  $A$ ,  $B$ , and  $C$ , if

$$A \cap C \subseteq B \cap C \text{ and } A \cup C \subseteq B \cup C,$$

then  $A \subseteq B$ .

2. (15 pts) **Use mathematical induction** to prove

$$3^1 + 3^2 + 3^3 + \cdots + 3^n = \frac{3^{n+1} - 3}{2}$$

for all integers  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ .

3. (15 pts) **Use mathematical induction** to prove  $2^n < (n + 1)!$  for all integers  $n \geq 2$ .

4. (8 pts. each for 32 pts. total) Disprove the statements below.

(a) If  $X \subseteq \mathbb{N}$  and  $|X|$  is infinite, then  $|\mathbb{N} - X|$  is finite.

(b) For all sets  $A$ ,  $B$ , and  $C$ , if  $A \subseteq B$ , then  $A \cap \overline{(B \cap C)} = \emptyset$ .

(c) For every  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ , there exists some  $m \in \mathbb{N}$  such that  $mn \equiv 1 \pmod{10}$ .

(d) The relation  $R$  on  $\mathbb{Z}$  defined by  $xRy$  if  $|x - y| < 5$  is transitive.

5. (18 pts.) Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3\}$ . Let  $R$  be a relation on  $\mathcal{P}(A)$ , the power set of  $A$ , defined as  $X R Y$  if  $X \cap \{1, 2\} = Y \cap \{1, 2\}$ .

(a) (2 pts) Show that for  $X = \{1\}$  and  $Y = \{1, 3\}$ , by the definition,  $X R Y$ .

(b) (10 pts) Prove that  $R$  is an equivalence relation.

(c) (6 pts) Describe the partition of  $\mathcal{P}(A)$  resulting from the equivalence classes of  $R$ . Use proper notation and clearly indicate the members of each partition.