

1. Let $\psi : G \rightarrow H$ be a group homomorphism. Prove that ψ is one-to-one if and only if $\psi^{-1}(e_H) = e_G$.
Hint: You should use the First Isomorphism Theorem to prove one direction of the if and only if statement.

Proof:

2. Prove that if G is a finite group and $\phi : G \rightarrow H$ is a group homomorphism, then $|\phi(G)|$ divides both $|G|$ and $|H|$.

Proof:

3. Find all of the homomorphisms from $\phi : \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$. Justify your answer.

Hint: For this problem and the next, you may want to use some facts you proved in HW 8.

Answer:

Justification:

4. (a) Find all of the automorphisms of \mathbb{Z}_8 and explain your reasoning.

Answer with explanation:

- (b) Prove that $\text{Aut}(\mathbb{Z}_8) \cong U(8)$. Recall that $\text{Aut}(G)$ is the group of automorphisms of G under the operation of function composition.

Proof:

5. (a) Find all abelian groups of order n for $n \in \{15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20\}$.

Answer:

- (b) For each nonisomorphic group of order 18, find an element of order 3.

Answer:

6. Which of the following sets are rings? If it is a ring, does it have a multiplicative identity? Is it commutative? An integral domain? A division ring? What are its units, if any? Is it a field? (You decide your explanations. Speak to your future self!)

(a) $7\mathbb{Z}$ with usual addition and multiplication

| question | answer |
|----------------------------|--------------|
| a ring? | Answer here! |
| with unity? | Answer here! |
| commutative? | Answer here! |
| an integral domain? | Answer here! |
| its units? | Answer here! |
| a division ring? | Answer here! |
| a field? | Answer here! |

(b) \mathbb{Z}_7 with usual addition and multiplication

| question | answer |
|----------------------------|--------|
| a ring? | |
| with unity? | |
| commutative? | |
| an integral domain? | |
| its units? | |
| a division ring? | |
| a field? | |

(c) \mathbb{Z}_{18} with usual addition and multiplication

| question | answer |
|----------------------------|--------|
| a ring? | |
| with unity? | |
| commutative? | |
| an integral domain? | |
| its units? | |
| a division ring? | |
| a field? | |

(d) $\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{2}) = \{a + b\sqrt{2} : a, b \in \mathbb{Q}\}$ with usual addition and multiplication

| question | answer |
|----------------------------|--------|
| a ring? | |
| with unity? | |
| commutative? | |
| an integral domain? | |
| its units? | |
| a division ring? | |
| a field? | |

(e) $R = \{a + b\sqrt[3]{2} : a, b \in \mathbb{Q}\}$ with usual addition and multiplication

| question | answer |
|----------|--------|
|----------|--------|

a ring?
with unity?
commutative?
an integral domain?
its units?
a division ring?
a field?

(f) $M_2(\mathbb{Z}_2)$, the set of 2×2 matrices with entries from \mathbb{Z}_2 with usual matrix addition and multiplication

| question | answer |
|----------|--------|
|----------|--------|

a ring?
with unity?
commutative?
an integral domain?
its units?
a division ring?
a field?

(g) $\mathbb{R}_1[x] = \{ax + b : a, b \in \mathbb{R}\}$, the set of linear polynomials with real coefficients with the usual addition and multiplication

| question | answer |
|----------|--------|
|----------|--------|

a ring?
with unity?
commutative?
an integral domain?
its units?
a division ring?
a field?

(h) $\mathbb{R}_\infty[x]$ the set of all polynomials with real coefficients with the usual addition and multiplication

| question | answer |
|----------|--------|
|----------|--------|

a ring?
with unity?
commutative?
an integral domain?
its units?
a division ring?
a field?